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| *Focus Question:*  *What inspired U.S. nationalism?*  *Who were some proponents of transport?*  *What caused the Federalist party to fade?*  *Why was Florida simply given to the U.S?*  *What caused the rise of sectionalist tension?*  *What were the definitions of the Compromise?*  *What caused the issuance of the Doctrine?* | **How did the pulling and pushing natures of nationalism and sectionalism affect the country?**  Nationalism Unites the Country   * In 1815, Madison talked of a plan to make the U.S. self-sufficient. * It outlined plans to establish a bank, improve transport, and establish a protective tariff.   Roads and Canals Link Cities   * Others called for improved transport; the Erie Canal was created to bridge the Northeast and Midwest. * Cities along the way’s populations swelled greatly. * Steam power also began to spread.   The Era of Good Feelings   * The “Era of Good Feelings” came about when political support shifted entirely toward the national government. * Further, court decisions helped steer power towards the national government.   Settling National Boundaries   * International agreements had to be made to settle more land in the new territory. * Spain-U.S. relations were tense, Andrew Jackson was sent to resolve Seminole issues. * In the treaty of Adams-Onis, Florida was given to the U.S.   Sectional Tensions Increase   * Economic change and different interests led to the advancement of sectionalism. * Missouri-slavery issue further advanced sectionalist ways.   The Missouri Compromise   * Henry Clay, Speaker of the House, proposed the Missouri Compromise, which divided the country in two with regards to slavery. * This plan also balanced Congressional power.   The Monroe Doctrine   * In Latin America, nations had fought for freedom. * Colonialism began to spread amongst other areas of the Americas. * In December of 1823, President Monroe issued the Monroe Doctrine. * He stated the U.S. would stay out of European affairs, though colonizing the West would be a direct threat on America.   Summary  In summary, America went through a period of strong national feeling and political unity. Sparked by a political peace-period and debate-less few decades, America was feeling good. However, by the end of the era, the U.S. was being torn apart by sectionalist tensions caused by varying economic interests. |
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